

The author assumes no responsibility for any errors or omissions that may appear in this document nor does the author make a commitment to update the information contained herein.

- Solution Third-party brands and names are the property of their respective owners.
- Please do not remove any labels on motherboard, this may void the warranty of this motherboard.
- Due to rapid change in technology, some of the specifications might be out of date before publication of this booklet.



Before you install PCI cards, please remove the Dual BIOS label from PCI slots if there is one.



WARKING: Never can the processor without the keatink property and firmly attached. RERMANENTIONMAGE (PLCCRESULT)

Mörr en gunder – Merfelsten furstels in verser ihr proversiense andere de Aksignationen die eineme mit für verstelsenweit vil fersement – UN NOMMACE PERMANPAT EN SESSUITERA –

Arktung: Ber Pengener darf nur in Bertich germannen unden waan der W rusableiter ordnungigen
ß and feit angebreist ist. DIES UAF EINEN FERMANENTEN XCHADEN ZUR 103.689

Advertencia: Nunea naso funcionar el procesador sin el alsipader de enlor instalado correcta v formanistico, SE PRODUCIRÁ UN DANO PERMAMENTE:

Actas. Nanco excepte a principation con a distignation de codos estas outres onequante e fit economic conectado. O RESULTADO SERÁ UM DANO PERMANENTE!

- 晋年,一次北海湖中来他上山西北已派上之前,不愿道行派世界,道教派出居横周的任意。
- 결과: 지도함으로 유명로 또 전철한 가지시키지 않은 또 트로북치는 구구시키지 나온것가. 방구의 고양이 반영합니다!
- 第79: それ時な過激を抱くため、と、トシンクを示しくしっかりと知り付けるまでは、アロセーンで考慮化させたいようにしてください。

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Per FCC Part 2 Section 2.1077(a)



Responsible Party Name: G.B.T. INC. (U.S.A.)

Address: 17358 Railroad Street City of Industry, CA 91748

Phone/Fax No:(818) 854-9338/(818) 854-9339

hereby declares that the product

Product Name: Motherboard Model Number: GA-8SDX

Conforms to the following specifications:

FCC Part 15, Subpart B, Section 15.107(a) and Section 15.109(a), Class B Digital Device

Supplementary Information:

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful and (2) this device must accept any inference received, including that may cause undesired operation.

Representative Person's Name: ERIC LU

Signature: Eric Lu

Date: December 31,2001

Declaration of Conformity We,Manufacturer/Importer (full address) G.B.T. Technology Trå ding GMbH AusschlagerWeg 41,1F,20537 Hamburg, Germany

declare that the product

(description of the apparatus, system, installation to which it refers)

Mother Board GA-8 SDX is in conformity with (reference to the specification under which conformity is declared) in accordance with 89/336 EEC-EMC Directive

⊯ EN55011	Limits and methods of measurement of radio dsturbance characteristics of industrial, scientific and medical (ISM high frequency equipment	⊯ EN 61000-3-2* ☞ EN 60555-2	Disturbances in supply systems cause by household appliances and similar electrical equipment * Harmonics*	
⊯ EN55013	Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of broadcast receivers and associated equipment	⊯ EN 61000-3-3* ☞ EN 60555-3	Disturbarces in supply systems cause by household appliances and similar electrical equipment * Voltage fluctuations*	
⊯ EN 55014	Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of household electrical applances, portable tools and similar electrical apparatus	∞ EN 50081-1 ∞ EN 50082-1	Generic emission standard Part 1: Residual commercialand light industry Genericimmunity standard Part 1: Residual commercialand light industry	
⊯ EN 55015	Limits and methods of measurement of radio dsturbance characteristics of fluorescent lamps and luminaries	⊯ EN 55081-2	Generic emission standard Part 2: Industrialenvironment	
⊯ EN 55020	Immunty from radio interference of broadcast receivers and associated equipment	⊯ EN 55082-2	Generic emission standard Part 2: Industrialenvironment	
☞ EN 55022	Limits and methods of measurement of radio dsturbance characteristics of information technology equipment	⊯ ENV 55104	Immunity requirements for household appliances tools and similar apparatus	
⊯ DIN VDE 0855 ⊯ patt 10 ⊯ patt 12 ∽ CEmarking	Cabled distribution systems; Equipment for receiving and/or distribution from sound and television signals	∠ EN5091-2 (EC carlormity	EMC requirements for uninterruptible powersystems(UPS) rmarking)	
- Themanu facturer also ded aresthe conformity of above mentioned product with the actual required safety standards in accord ance with LVD 73/23EEC				
⊯ EN 60065	Safetyrequirements for mains operated electronic and related apparatus for household and similar general use	z EN 60950		
🛩 EN 60335	Safety of household and similar electrical appliances	⊯ EN 50091-1		
Manufacturer/Importer				

(S ta mp)

Date: December 31, 2001

Timmy Huang Timm y Huang

Signature: Name:

GA-8SDX P4 Titan Motherboard

USER'S MANUAL

Pentium[®] 4 Processor Motherboard Rev. 1.0 Third Edition 12ME-8SDX-1003

Table of Content

Revision History	4
Item Checklist	4
WARNING!	5
Chapter 1 Introduction	6
Features Summary	6
GA-8SDX Motherboard Layout	8
Chapter 2 Hardware Installation Process	9
Step 1: Install the Central Processing Unit (CPU)	10
Step 1-1: CPU Installation	
Step 1-2: CPU Heat Sink Installation	
Step 2: Install memory modules	
Step 3: Install expansion cards	
Step 4: Connect ribbon cables, cabinet wires, and power supply Step 4-1: I/O Back Panel Introduction	
Step 4-2: Connectors Introduction	
Chapter 3 BIOS Setup	22
The Main Menu (For example: BIOS Ver. :F2b)	
Standard CMOS Features	
Advanced BIOS Features	
Advanced Chipset Features	
Integrated Peripherals	
Power Management Setup	
r uwei manayemeni seiup	<i>ა1</i>

Table of Content

PnP/PCI Configurations	
PC Health Status	
Frequency/Voltage Control	
Load Fail-Safe Defaults	
Load Optimized Defaults	
Set Supervisor/User Password	
Save & Exit Setup	
Exit Without Saving	
Chapter 4 Technical Reference	50
Block Diagram	
Dual BIOS/Q-Flash Introduction	
SPDIF Introduction	
@ BIOS [™] Introduction	61
Easy TuneIII TM Introduction	62
Chapter 5 Appendix	63

Revision	Revision Note	Date
1.0	Initial release of the GA-8SDX motherboard user's manual.	Jan. 2002
1.0	Second release of the GA-8SDX motherboard user's manual.	Jan. 2002
1.0	Third release of the GA-8SDX motherboard user's manual.	Feb. 2002

ltem Checklist

- ⊯ IDE cable x 1 / Floppy cable x 1
- ${ \ensuremath{ \measuredangle \ensuremath{ \measuredangle \ensuremath{ \measuredangle \ensuremath{ \blacksquare \ensuremath{ \ensuremath{ \blacksquare \ensuremath{ \blacksquare \ensuremath{ \blacksquare \ensuremath{ \blacksquare \ensuremath{ \ensuremat$
- ⊯ GA-8SDX user's manual
- Z Quick PC Installation Guide

WARNING!

WARNING!



Computer motherboards and expansion cards contain very delicate Integrated Circuit (IC) chips. To protect them against damage from static electricity, you should follow some precautions whenever you work on your computer.

- 1. Unplug your computer when working on the inside.
- Use a grounded wrist strap before handling computer components. If you do not have one, touch both of your hands to a safely grounded object or to a metal object, such as the power supply case.
- Hold components by the edges and try not touch the IC chips, leads or connectors, or other components.
- 4. Place components on a grounded antistatic pad or on the bag that came with the components whenever the components are separated from the system.
- Ensure that the ATX power supply is switched off before you plug in or remove the ATX power connector on the motherboard.

Installing the motherboard to the chassis...

If themotherboard has mounting holes, but they don't line up with the holes on the base and there are no slots to attach the spacers, do not become alarmed you can still attach the spacers to the mounting holes. Just cut the bottom portion of the spacers (the spacer may be a little hard to cut off, so be careful of your hands). In this way you can still attach the motherboard to the base without worrying about short circuits. Sometimes you may need to use the plastic springs to isolate the screw from the motherboard PCB surface, because the circuit wire may be near by the hole. Be careful, don't let the screw contact any printed circuit write or parts on the PCB that are near the fixing hole, otherwise it may damage the board or cause board malfunctioning.



Chapter 1 Introduction **Features Summary** Form Factor 30.4cm x 22.4cm ATX size form factor, 4 layers PCB. CPU Socket 478 for Intel[®] Micro FC-PGA2 Pentium[®] 4 processor Support Intel[®] Pentium[®] 4 (Northwood, 0.13um) processor Intel Pentium[®]4 400MHz FSB Ind cache depend on CPU Chipset Ŧ SiS 645 Host/Memory controller SiS 961 MuTIOL Media I/O Memory 3 168-pin DIMM sockets Ŧ Supports PC-100/PC-133 SDRAM Supports only 3.3V SDRAM DIMM Supports up to 3GB SDRAM (Max) I/O Control ☞ IT8705 Slots I Universal AGP slot (1X/2X/4X) device support 6 PCI slot supports 33MHz & PCI 2.2 compliant I CNR (Communication and Networking Riser) Slot On-Board IDE 2 IDE bus master (DMA33/ATA66/ATA100) IDE ports for up to 4 ATAPI devices Supports PIO mode3,4 (UDMA 33/ATA66/ATA100) IDE & ATAPI CD-ROM **On-Board Peripherals** I Floppy port supports 2 FDD with 360K, 720K,1.2M, 1.44M and 2.88M bytes. I Parallel port supports Normal/EPP/ECP mode 2 Serial ports (COMA&COMB) 6 USB ports (Rear USB x 2, Front USB x 2, USB AGP x 1, USB CNR x 1) I IrDA connector for IR

to be continued.....

		Introduction
On-Board Sound	Creative CT5880 Sound Chipset	
Off-Doard Sound	 Audio CODEC 	
	Line In/Line Out/Mic In/CD_In/Game Port	
PS/2 Connector	PS/2 Keyboard interface and PS/2 Mouse interface	
BIOS	Licensed AWARD BIOS, 2M bit Flash ROM	
	Supports Dual BIOS	
Additional Features	PS/2 Keyboard power on by password	
	PS/2 Mouse power on	
	STR(Suspend-To-RAM)	
	USB KB/Mouse wake up from S3	
	Supports @BIOS	
	Supports Easy TuneIII	

Please set the CPU host frequency in accordance with your processor's specifications. We don't recommend you to set the system bus frequency over the CPU's specification because these specific bus frequencies are not the standard specifications for CPU, chipset and most of the peripherals. Whether your system can run under these specific bus frequencies properly will depend on your hardware configurations, including CPU, Chipsets,DDR, SDRAM,Cards... .etc.

GA-8SDX Motherboard Layout



Hardware Installation Process

Chapter 2 Hardware Installation Process

To set up your computer, you must complete the following steps:

- Step 1- Install the Central Processing Unit (CPU)
- Step 2- Install memory modules
- Step 3- Install expansion cards
- Step 4- Connect ribbon cables, cabinet wires, and power supply
- Step 5- Setup BIOS software
- Step 6- Install supporting software tools



Step 1: Install the Central Processing Unit (CPU)

Step 1-1: CPU Installation



- Press down the CPU socketlever and finish CPU installation.
- ✓ Please make sure the CPU type is supported by the motherboard.
- If you do not match the CPU socket Pin 1 and CPU cut edge well, it will cause improper installation. Please change the insert orientation.



Hardware Installation Process

Step 1-2: CPU Heat Sink Installation



 Fasten the heatsink supporting-base onto the CPU socket on the mainboard.



 Makesure the CPU fan is plugged to the CPU fan connector, than install complete.

- ✓ Please use Intel approved cooling fan.
- ∠ We recommend you to apply the thermal tape to provide better heat conduction between your CPU and heatsink.

(The CPU cooling fan might stick to the CPU due to the hardening of the thermal paste. During this condition if you try to remove the cooling fan, you might pull the processor out of the CPU socket alone with the cooling fan, and might damage the processor. To avoid this from happening, we suggest you to either use thermal tape instead of thermal paste, or remove the cooling fan with extreme caution.)

- ✓ Make sure the CPU fan power cable is plugged in to the CPU fan connector, this completes the installation.
- Please refer to CPU heat sink user's manual for more detail installation procedure.



Step 2: Install memory modules

The motherboard has 3 dual in-line memory module (DIMM) sockets support 6 banks. The BIOS will automatically detects memory type and size. To install the memory module, justpush it vertically into the DIMM Slot. The DIMM module can only fit in one direction due to the two notch. Memory size can vary between sockets.



SDRAM

 The DIMM slot has two notch, so the DIMM memory module can only fit in one direction.



- Insert the DIMM memory module vertically into the DIMM slot. Then push it down.
- Close the plastic clip at both edges of the DIMM slots to lock the DIMM module. Reverse the installation steps when you wish to remove the DIMM module.
- Please note that the DIMM module can only fit in one direction due to the one notches. Wrong orientation will cause improper installation. Please change the insert orientation.



Hardware Installation Process

Step 3: Install expansion cards

- Read the related expansion card's instruction document before install the expansion card into the computer.
- 2. Remove your computer's chassis cover, screws and slot bracket from the computer.
- 3. Press the expansion card firmly into expansion slot in motherboard.
- 4. Be sure the metal contacts on the card are indeed seated in the slot.
- 5. Replace the screw to secure the slot bracket of the expansion card.
- 6. Replace your computer's chassis cover.
- 7. Power on the computer, if necessary, setup BIOS utility of expansion card from BIOS.
- 8. Install related driver from the operating system.



AGP Card



Please carefully pull out the small whitedrawable bar at the end of the AGP slot when you try to install/ Uninstall the AGP card. Please align the AGP card to the onboard AGP slot and press firmly down on the slot . Make sure your AGP card is locked by the small white- drawable bar.

Issues To Beware Of When Installing CNR

Please use standard CNR card like the one in order to avoid mechanical problem.



Standard CNR Card

Step 4: Connect ribbon cables, cabinet wires, and power supply

Step 4-1: I/O Back Panel Introduction



PS/2 Keyboard and PS/2 Mouse Connector



PS/2 Mouse Connector (6 pin Female)

PS/2 Keyboard Connector (6 pin Female)

USB Connector



Before you connect your device(s) into USB connector(s), please make sure your device(s) such as USB keyboard, mouse, scanner, zip,speaker..etc. Have a standard USB interface. Also make sure your OS (Win 95 with USB supplement, Win98, Windows 2000, Windows ME, Win NT with SP 6) supports USB controller. If your OS does not support USB controller, please contact OS vendor for possible patch or driver upgrade. For more information please contact your OS or device(s) vendors.

Hardware Installation Process

Parallel Port and Serial Ports (COMA/COMB)



This connector supports 2 standard COM ports and 1 Parallel port. Device like printer can be connected to Parallel port; mouse and modem etc can be connected to Serial ports.

Game /MIDI Ports



Joystick/ MIDI (15 pin Female)

This connector supports joystick, MIDI keyboard and other relate audio devices.

Audio Connectors



After install onboard audio driver, you may connect speaker to Line Out jack, micro phone to MIC In jack. Device like CD-ROM, walkman etc can be connected to Line-In jack.

Step 4-2: Connectors Introduction



A) ATX	H) F_USB1
B) ATX_12V	I) IR
C) CPU_FAN	J) BAT
D) FDD	K) SPDIF
E) IDE1/IDE2	L) CD_IN
F) SYS_FAN	M) F_AUDIO_I
G) F_PANEL	

Hardware Installation Process

C) CPU_FAN (CPU FAN Connector)



Please note, a proper installation of the CPU cooler is essential to prevent the CPU from running under abnormal condition or damaged by overheating. The CPU fan connector supports Max. current up to 600mA.

F) SYS_FAN (System FAN Connector)



D) FDD (Floppy Connector)



E) IDE1/IDE2 [IDE1 / IDE2 Connector(Primary/Secondary)]



GA-8SDX Motherboard

H) F_USB1 (Front USB)



Be careful with the polarity of the front panel USB connector. Check the pin assignment while you connect the front panel USB cable. Please contact your nearest dealer for optional front panel USB cable.

M) F_AUDIO_I (Front Audio)



If you want to use "Front Audio" connector, you must move 5-6, 9-10 Jumper. In order to utilize the front audio header, your chassis must have front audio connector. Also please make sure the pin assigment on the cable is the same as the pin assigment on the MB header. To find out if the chassis you are buying support front audio connector, please contact your dealer.

Hardware Installation Process

B) ATX_12V (+12V Power Connector)



This connector (ATX +12V) is used only for CPU Core Voltage.

A) ATX (ATX Power)



AC power cord should only be connected b your power supply unit after ATX power cable and other related devices are firmly connected to the mainboard.

L) CD_IN (CD Audio Line In)



G) F_PANEL (2x7 pins connector)



HD (IDE Hard Disk Active LED)	Pin 1: LED anode(+)
	Pin 2: LED cathode(-)
SPK (Speaker Connector)	Pin 1: VCC(+)
	Pin 2- Pin 3: NC
	Pin 4: Data(-)
RST (Reset Switch)	Open: Normal Operation
	Close: Reset Hardware System
PD+/PD_G-/PD_Y-(Power LED)	Pin 1: LED anode(+)
	Pin 2: LED cathode(-)
	Pin 3: LED cathode(-)
PW (Soft Power Connector)	Open: Normal Operation
	Close: Power On/Off

Please connect the power LED, PC speaker, reset switch and power switch etc of your chassis front panel to the F_PANEL connector according to the pin assignment above.

Hardware Installation Process

I) IR (IR Connector)



K) SPDIF (SPDIF)



 Be careful with the polarity of the IR connector while you connect the IR.
 Please contact you nearest dealer for optional IR device.

The SPDIF output is capable of providing digital audio to external speakers or compressed AC3 data to an external Dolby Digital Decoder. Use this feature only when your stereo system has digital output function.





CAUTION

- Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced.
- Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer.
- Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.



Chapter 3 BIOS Setup

BIOS Setup is an overview of the BIOS Setup Program. The program that allows users to modify the basic system configuration. This type of information is stored in battery-backed CMOS RAM so that it retains the Setup information when the power is turned off.

ENTERING SETUP

Power ON the computer and press immediately will allow you to enter Setup.

CONTROL KEYS

<,%>	Move to previous item		
<_>>	Move to next item		
<_>>	Move to the item in the left hand		
<,%>	Move to the item in the right hand		
<esc></esc>	Main Menu - Quit and not save changes into CMOS Status Page Setup Menu and		
	Option Page Setup Menu - Exit current page and return to Main Menu		
<+/PgUp>	Increase the numeric value or make changes		
<-/PgDn>	Decrease the numeric value or make changes		
<f1></f1>	General help, only for Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu		
<f2></f2>	Reserved		
<f3></f3>	Reserved		
<f4></f4>	Reserved		
<f5></f5>	Restore the previous CMOS value from CMOS, only for Option Page Setup Menu		
<f6></f6>	Load the file-safe default CMOS value from BIOS default table		
<f7></f7>	Load the Optimized Defaults		
<f8></f8>	Dual BIOS/Q-Flash function		
<f9></f9>	Reserved		
<f10></f10>	Save all the CMOS changes, only for Main Menu		

BIOS Setup

GEITING HELP

Main Menu

The on-line description of the highlighted setup function is displayed at the bottom of the screen.

Status Page Setup Menu / Option Page Setup Menu

Press F1 to pop up a small help window that describes the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item. To exit the Help Window press <Esc>.

The Main Menu (For example: BIOS Ver. :F2b)

Once you enter Award BIOS CMOS Setup Utility, the Main Menu (Figure 1) will appear on the screen. The Main Menu allows you to select from eight setup functions and two exit choices. Use arrow keys to select among the items and press <Enter> to accept or enter the sub-menu.

JStandard CMOS Features	JFrequency/Voltage Control	
JAdvanced BIOS Features	Load Fail-Safe Defaults	
JAdvanced Chipset Features	Load Optimized Defaults	
Jintegrated Peripherals	Set Supervisor Password	
❑Power Management Setup	Set User Password	
JPnP/PCI Configurations	Save & Exit Setup	
JPC Health Status	Ex it Without Sav ing	
ESC:Quit	コココ:Select Item	
F8: Dual BIOS/Q-Flash	F10:Save & Exit Setup	
Time, Date, Hard Disk Type		

CMOS Setup Utility-Copy right (C) 1984-2002 Aw ard Software

Figure 1: Main Menu

Standard CMOS Features

This setup page includes all the items in standard compatible BIOS.

Advanced BIOS Features

This setup page includes all the items of Award special enhanced features.

Advance d Chips et Fe atures

This setup page includes all the items of chipset special features.

Ľ	Integrated Peripherals
	This setup page includes all onboard peripherals.
Ľ	Power Management Setup
	This setup page includes all the items of Green function features.
Ľ	PnP/PCI Configurations
	This setup page includes all the configurations of PCI & PnP ISA resources.
Ľ	PC Health Status
	This setup page is the System auto detect Temperature, voltage, fan, speed.
Ľ	Frequency/Voltage Control
	This setup page is control CPU's clock and frequency ratio.
Ľ	Load Fail-Safe Defaults
	Fail-Safe Defaults indicates the value of the system parameters which the system would
	be in safe configuration.
Ľ	Load Optimized Defaults
	Optimized Defaults indicates the value of the system parameters which the system would
	be in best performance configuration.
Ľ	Set Supervis or pass word
	Change, set, or disable password. It allows you to limit access to the system and Setup,
	or just to Setup.
Ľ	Set User password
	Change, set, or disable password. It allows you to limit access to the system.
Ľ	Save & Exit Setup
	Save CMOS value settings to CMOS and exit setup.
Ľ	Exit Without Saving
	Abandon all CMOS value changes and exit setup.

BIOS Setup

Standard CMOS Features

CMOS Setup Utility-Copy right (C) 1984-2002 Aw ard Software

Standard CMOS Features		
Date (mm:dd:yy)	Mon, Feb 21 2000	Item Help
Time (hh:mm:ss)	22:31:24	Menu Level ٦
		Change the day, month,
JIDE Primary Master	None	year and century
JIDE Primary Slave	None	
JIDE Secondary Master	None	<week></week>
JIDE Secondary Slave	None	Sun. to Sat.
Driv e A	1.44M, 3.5 in.	<month></month>
Driv e B	None	Jan. to Dec.
Floppy 3 Mode Support	Disabled	
		<day></day>
Halt On	All, But Keyboard	1 to 31 (or maximum
		allow ed in the month)
Base Memory	640K	<year></year>
Extended Memory	130048K	1999 to 2098
Total Memory	131072K	
ער אין		
F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-Safe Defaults F7:Optimized Defaults		

Figure 2: Standard CMOS Features

☞ Date

The date format is <week>, <month>, <day>, <year>.

- Week The week, from Sun to Sat, determined by the BIOS and is display only
- ✤Month The month, Jan. Through Dec.
- Day The day, from 1 to 31 (or the maximum allowed in the month)
- Year The year, from 1999 through 2098

☞ Time

The times format in <hour> <minute> <second>. The time is calculated base on the 24-hour militarytime clock. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:00:00.

General DE Primary Master, Slave / IDE Secondary Master, Slave

The category identifies the types of hard disk from driveC to F that has been installed in the computer. There are two types: auto type, and manual type. Manual type is user-definable; Auto type which will automatically detect HDD type.

Note that the specifications of your drive must match with the drive table. The hard disk will not work properly if you enter improper information for this category.

If you select User Type, related information will be asked to enter to the following items. Enter the information directly from the keyboard and press <Enter>. Such information should be provided in the documentation form your hard disk vendor or the system manufacturer.

CYLS.	Number of cylinders
#HEADS	Number of heads
	Write precomp
#LANDZONE	Landing zone

#SECTORSNumber of sectors

If a hard disk has not been installed select NONE and press <Enter>.

☞ Drive A / Drive B

The category identifies the types of floppy disk drive A or drive B that has been installed in the computer.

No floppy drive installed
5.25 inch PC-type standard drive; 360K byte capacity.
5.25 inch AT-type high-density drive; 1.2M byte capacity
(3.5 inch when 3 Mode is Enabled).
3.5 inch double-sided drive; 720K by te capacity
3.5 inch double-sided drive; 1.44M byte capacity.
3.5 inch double-sided drive; 2.88M byte capacity.

BIOS Setup

☞ Floppy 3 Mode Support (for J apan Area)

Disabled	Normal Floppy Drive. (Default value)
✤Driv e A	Drive A is 3 mode Floppy Drive.
✤Driv e B	Drive B is 3 mode Floppy Drive.
æBoth	Drive A & B are 3 mode Floppy Drives.

☞ Halt on

The category determines whether the computer will stop if an error is detected during power up.

NO Errors	The system boot will not stop for any error that may be detected and you will be prompted.
♣All Errors	Whenever the BIOS detects a non-fatal error the system will be stopped.
♣All, But Key board	The system boot will not stop for a keyboard error; it will stop for
	all other errors. (Default v alue)
≇All, But Diskette	The system boot will not stop for a disk error; it will stop for all
	other errors.
♣All, But Disk/Key	The system boot will not stop for a keyboard or disk error; it will
	stop for all other errors.

☞ Memory

The category is display-only which is determined by POST (PowerOn Self Test) of the BIOS. **Base Memory**

The POST of the BIOS will determine the amount of base (or conventional) memory installed in the system.

The value of the base memory is typically 512 K for systems with 512 K memory installed on the motherboard, or 640 K for systems with 640 K or more memory installed on the motherboard.

Extended Memory

The BIOS determines how much extended memory is present during the POST. This is the amount of memory located above 1 MB in the CPU's memory address map.

Advanced BIOS Features

CMOS Setup Utility-Copy right (C) 1984-2002 Aw ard Software

	Adv anced BIOS	Features	
BIOS Flash Protection		Auto	Item Help
First Boot Device		Floppy	Menu Level ٦
Second Boot Device		HDD-0	[Auto]
Third Boot Device		CDROM	Allows BIOS to
Boot Up Floppy Seek		Disabled	update flash data
BootUp Num-Lock		On	during POST. It still
Password Check		Setup	prevents other
HDD S.M.A.R.T. Capability		Disabled	unauthorized utilities
Delay For HDD (Secs)		3	to update flash
			[Enabled]
			Always prevent BIOS
			and unauthorized
			utilities to update
			flash
ורד Move Enter:Select	+/-/PU/PD:Value	F10:Save	ESC:Exit F1:General Help
F5:Previous Values	F6:Fail-Safe Defa	iults	F7:Optimized Defaults

Figure 3: Advanced BIOS Features

BIOS Flash Protection

This field lets you determine the states that flash BIOS

BIOS enables flash write access automatically when updating BIOS data/DMI/
ESCD. (Default Value)

Enabled During POST, DMI/ESCD would not be updated. But flash tools can update BIOS always.

First / Second / Third Boot Device

Floppy	Select your boot device priority by Floppy.
--------	---

LS120 Select your boot device priority by LS120.

BIOS Setup

	Select your boot device priority by HDD-0~3.
I SCSI	Select your boot device priority by SCSI.
#CDROM	Select your boot device priority by CDROM.
₽ZIP	Select your boot device priority by ZIP.
≇USB-FDD	Select your boot device priority by USB-FDD.
≇USB-ZIP	Select your boot device priority by USB-ZIP.
≇USB-CDROM	Select your boot device priority by USB-CDROM.
≇USB-HDD	Select your boot device priority by USB-HDD.
≇LAN	Select your boot device priority by LAN.
Disabled	Select your boot device priority by Disabled.

☞ Boot Up Floppy Seek

During POST, BIOS will determine the floppy disk drive installed is 40 or 80 tracks. 360 K type is 40 tracks 720 K, 1.2 M and 1.44 M are all 80 tracks.

Enabled	BIOS searches for floppy disk drive to determine it is 40 or 80 tracks. Note		
	that BIOS can not tell from 720 K, 1.2 M or 1.44 M drive type as they are		
	all 80tracks.		
Disabled	BIOS will not search for the type of floppy disk drive by track number. Note		

that there will not be any warning message if the drive installed is 360 K. (Default value)

BootUp Num-Lock

- On Key pad is number key s. (Default v alue)
- ✤Off Keypad is arrow keys.

Password Check

Please refer to the detail on P.47

≇ System	The system can not boot and can not access to Setup page will be denied
	if the correct password is not entered at the prompt.
Setup	The system will boot, but access to Setup will be denied if the correct
	password is not entered at the prompt. (Default value)

GA-8SDX Motherboard

☞ HDD S.M.A.R.T. Capability

Enabled	Enable HDD S.M.A.R.T. Capability.
Disabled	Disable HDD S.M.A.R.T. Capability. (Default value)

Car Delay For HDD(Secs)

✤0~15 Set delay for HDD(Secs) to 0~15.(Default value: 3)

BIOS Setup

Advanced Chipset Features

We would not suggest you change the chipset default setting unless you really need it.

CMOS Setup Utility-Copy right (C) 1984-2002 Aw ard Software	
Advanced Chinset Features	

	Advanced Unipset Features	
Top Performance	Disabled	Item Help
Configure DRAM Timing	Auto	Menu Level ٦
x CAS Latency Setting	Auto	
x DRAM RAS Active Time	6Т	
x DRAM RAS Precharge Time	3Т	
x DRAM RAS to CAS Delay	3Т	
AGP Aperture Size	64MB	
ココココ: Move Enter:Select	+/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save	ESC:Exit F1:General Help
F5:Previous Values	F6:Fail-Safe Defaults F	7:Optimized Defaults

Figure 4: Advanced Chipset Features

Top Performance

If you wish to maximize the performance of your system, set "Top Performance" as "Enabled".

- Disabled Disable this function. (Default Value)
- Enabled
 Enable Top Performance function.

Configure DRAM Timing

- Auto Will be automatically detected by BIOS. (Default Value)
- Manual Set Configure DRAM Timing to Manual.

☞ CAS Latency Setting

# 2T	Set CAS Latency Setting to 2T.
₫ 3T	Set CAS Latency Setting to 3T.
∉Auto	Will be automatically detected by BIOS. (Default Value)

DRAM RAS Active Time

≇ 4T	Set DRAM RAS Active Time to 4T.
⊕ 5T	Set DRAM RAS Active Time to 5T.

- ₲6T Set DRAM RAS Active Time to 6T. (Default value)
- T Set DRAM RAS Active Time to 7T.

Control Con

≇ 2T	Set DRAM RAS Precharge Time to 2T.
-------------	------------------------------------

- #3T Set DRAM RAS Precharge Time to 3T. (Default value)
- #4T Set DRAM RAS Precharge Time to 4T.

C DRAM RAS to CAS Delay

≇ 2T	Set DRAM RAS to CAS Delay to 2T.
-------------	----------------------------------

- #3T Set DRAM RAS to CAS Delay to 3T. (Default value)
- #4T Set DRAM RAS to CAS Delay to 4T.

GRAGP Aperture Size

- #8MB AGP Aperture Size is 8MB.
- #16MB AGP Aperture Size is 16MB.
- #32MB AGP Aperture Size is 32MB.
- #64MB AGP Aperture Size is 64MB. (Default v alue)
- #128MB AGP Aperture Size is 128MB.
- #256MB AGP Aperture Size is 256MB.
Integrated Peripherals

CMOS Setup Utility-Copy right (C) 1984-2002 Aw ard Software

Integrated Peripherals				
IDE1 Conductor Cable		Auto		Item Help
IDE2 Conductor Cable		Auto		Menu Level ٦
Onboard IDE		Both		[Auto]
AC97 Modem		Enabled		Auto-detect IDE
USB Controller		Enabled		cable type
USB Legacy Support		Disabled		
Init Display First		AGP		[ATA66/100]
Onboard Hardware Audio		Enabled		Set Conductor cable
Onboard FDC Controller		Enabled		to ATA66/100
Onboard Serial Port 1		3F8/IRQ4		[ATA33]
Onboard Serial Port 2		2F8/IRQ3		Set Conductor cable
UART Mode Select		Normal		to ATA33
x UR2 Duplex Mode		Half		
Onboard Parallel Port		378/IRQ7		
Parallel Port Mode		SPP		
x ECP Mode Use DMA		3		
ココココ: Move Enter:Select	+/-/PU/PD:Value	F10:Save	ESC:E>	kit F1:General Help
F5:Previous Values	F6:Fail-Safe	Defaults	F7:Opt	timized Defaults

Figure 5: Integrated Peripherals

☞ IDE1 Conductor Cable

	Will be automatically detected by BIOS. (Default Value)
ATA66/100	Set IDE1 Conductor Cable to ATA66/100 (Please make sure your IDE device and cable is compatible with ATA66/100).
≇ATA33	Set IDE1 Conductor Cable to ATA33 (Please make sure your IDE device and cable is compatible with ATA33).

☞ IDE2 Conductor Cable

	Will be automatically detected by BIOS. (Default Value)
#ATA66/100	Set IDE2 Conductor Cable to ATA66/100 (Please make sure your IDE device and cable is compatible with ATA66/100).
¢ATA33	Set IDE2 Conductor Cable to ATA33 (Please make sure your IDE device and cable is compatible with ATA33).

☞ OnBoard IDE

🗳 Disabled	Disable OnBoard IDE.
∉Both	Both Primary & Secondary IDE channel will be enabled. (Default Value)
Primary	Only Primary IDE channel is enabled.
Secondary	Only Secondary IDE channel is enabled.

☞ AC97 Modem

Enabled	BIOS will search MC97 Codec (AMR Modem Card). If found, MC97 function
	will be enabled. If no MC97 Codec found, MC97 function will be disabled.
	(Default Value)
Disabled	Disable this function.

Controller

Enabled	Enable USB Controller. (Default value)
Disabled	Disable USB Controller.

☞ USB Legacy Support

Enabled	Enable USB Legacy Support.
Disabled	Disable USB Legacy Support. (Default value)

🖙 Init Display First

AGP	Set Init Display	First to AGP.	(Default value)

♣PCI Set Init Display First to PCI.

🖙 Onboard Hardware Audio

- Enabled Enable Onboard Hardware Audio function. (Default value)
- Disabled Disable this function.

Onboard FDC Controller

Enabled	Enable onboard FDC port. (Default value)

Disable Disable onboard FDC port.

Onboard Serial Port 1

	BIOS will automatically setup the port 1 address.
#3F8/IRQ4	Enable onboard Serial port 1 and address is 3F8. (Default value)
2F8/IRQ3	Enable onboard Serial port 1 and address is 2F8.
#3E8/IRQ4	Enable onboard Serial port 1 and address is 3E8.
2E8/IRQ3	Enable onboard Serial port 1 and address is 2E8.
Disabled	Disable onboard Serial port 1.

Onboard Serial Port 2

	BIOS will automatically setup the port 2 address.
♣3F8/IRQ4	Enable onboard Serial port 2 and address is 3F8. (Default value)
2F8/IRQ3	Enable onboard Serial port 2 and address is 2F8.
	Enable onboard Serial port 2 and address is 3E8.
2E8/IRQ3	Enable onboard Serial port 2 and address is 2E8.

Disabled Disable onboard Serial port 2.

Carl Mode Select

(This item allows you to determine which Infra Red(IR) function of Onboard I/O chip)

- #ASKIR Set onboard I/O chip UART to ASKIR Mode.
- IrDA Set onboard I/O chip UART to IrDA Mode.
- SCR Set onboard I/O chip UART to SCR Mode.
- Set onboard I/O chip UART to Normal Mode. (Default Value)

☞ UR2 Dupl ex Mode

- Half IR Function Duplex Half. (Default Value)
- Jacobi Strategy Grade Strategy G

Onboard Parallel port

- #378/IRQ7 Enable onboard LPT port and address is 378/IRQ7. (Default Value)
- #278/IRQ5 Enable onboard LPT port and address is 278/IRQ5.
- Disabled Disable onboard LPT port.
- #3BC/IRQ7 Enable onboard LPT port and address is 3BC/IRQ7.

Carallel Port Mode

- SPP Using Parallel port as Standard Parallel Port. (Default Value)
- EPP Using Parallel port as Enhanced Parallel Port.
- #ECP+EPP Using Parallel port as ECP & EPP mode.

☞ ECP Mode Use DMA

- 3 Set ECP Mode Use DMA to 3. (Default Value)
- 1 Set ECP Mode Use DMA to 1.

Power Management Setup

CMOS Setup Utility -Copy right (C) 1984-2002 Aw ard Software

Power Management Setup				
ACPI Suspend Type	S1(POS)	Item Help		
MODEM Use IRQ	AUTO	Menu Level 7		
Soft-Off by PWR_BTTN	Off	[S1]		
System After AC Back	Off	Set Suspend type to		
IRQ [3-7, 9-15], NMI	Enabled	Power On Suspend under		
ModemRingOn/WakeOnLan	Enabled	ACPI OS		
PME Event Wake Up	Enabled			
USB Device Wake-up From S3	Disabled	[S3]		
Power On by Mouse	Disabled	Set Suspend type to		
KB Power On Password	Enter	Suspend to RAM under		
Resume by Alarm	Disabled	ACPI OS		
x Month Alarm	NA			
x Day of Month Alarm	0			
x Time (hh:nn:ss) Alarm	0 0 0			
コココココ: Move Enter:Select +/-/P	U/PD:Value F10:Save E	SC:Exit F1:General Help		
F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-Safe Defaults F7:Optimized Defaults				

Figure 6: Power Management Setup

General ACPI Suspend Type

S3(STR) Set ACPI suspend type to S3.

☞ MODEM Use IRQ

▲AUTO	Set MODEM Use IRQ to Auto. (Default value)
-------	--

- 3 Set MODEM Use IRQ to 3.
- 5 Set MODEM Use IRQ to 5.
- The set MODEM Use IRQ to 7.
- 9 Set MODEM Use IRQ to 9.
- #11 Set MODEM Use IRQ to 11.

☞ Soft-off by PWR_BTTN

loff	The user press the power button once, he can turn off the system.
	(Default Value)
#Suspend	The user press the power button once, then he can enter suspend mode.

System after AC Back

♣Last State	When AC-power back to the system, the system will return to the Last state
	before AC-pow er off.
€Off	When AC-power back to the system, the system will be in "Off" state.
	(Default Value)
⇔On	When AC-power back to the system, the system will be in "On" state.

☞ IRQ [3-7, 9-15], NMI

Enabled Enable this function. (Default value)

ModemRingOn/WakeOnLAN

Disabled	Disable Modem	Ring on/wake	on Lan	function.
----------	---------------	--------------	--------	-----------

Enabled Enable Modem Ring on/wake on Lan. (Default Value)

☞ PME Event Wake UP

|--|

Enabled Enable PME Event Wake up. (Default Value)

USB Device Wake-up From S3

- Enabled Enable USB Device Wake-up from S3 function.
- Disable USB Device Wake-up from S3 function. (Default Value)

☞ Power On by Mouse

- Enabled Enable Power On by Mouse function. (Default Value)
- Disabled Disable this function.

Cr KB Power On Pass word

Enter Input password (from 1 to 5 characters) and press Enter to set the Keyboard Power On Password.

Resume by Alarm

You can set "Resume by Alarm" item to enabled and key in Data/time to power on system.

- Disabled Disable this function. (Default Value)
- Enabled Enable alarm function to POWER ON system.

If RTC Alarm Lead To Power On is Enabled.

Month Alarm :	NA, 1~31
Day of Month Alarm :	1~31
Time (hh: mm: ss) Alarm :	(0~23) : (0~59) : (0~59)

PnP/PCI Configurations

CMOS Setup Utility-Copy right (C) 1984-2002 Aw ard Softw are

Resources Controlled By	Auto	ltem Help
x ☞ IRQ Resources	Press Enter	Menu Level 7
PCI 4 IRQ Assignment	Auto	[Auto]
PCI 1/5 IRQ Assignment	Auto	Assign PnP resource
PCI 2/6 IRQ Assignment	Auto	(I/O address, IRQ &
PCI 3 IRQ Assignment	3 IRQ Assignment Auto DMA channels) for	
		and Play compatible
		devices automatically
		[Manual]
		Assign resource
		manually
ורדרד: Move Enter:Select	+/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save	ESC:Exit F1:General Help
F5:Previous Values	F6:Fail-Safe Defaults	F7:Optimized Defaults

Figure 7: PnP/PCI Configurations

Free Services Controlled By

	User can set the PnP resource (I/O Address, IRQ & DMA
	channels) used by legacy ISA DEVICE.
♣Auto(ESCD)	BIOS automatically use these PnP rescuers. (Default value)

FIRQ Resources (3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15)

PCI Device	The resource is used by	PCI device.

EReserved Set the resource to reserved.

PCI4 IRQ Assignment

	Auto assign IRQ to PCI4. (Default value)
\$3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15	Set IRQ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 to PCI4.

☞ PCI1/5 IRQ Assignment

≇ Auto	Auto assign IRQ to PCI1/5. (Default value)
3 ,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15	Set IRQ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 to PCI1/5.

☞ PCI2/6 IRQ Assignment

	Auto assign IRQ to PCI2/6. (Default value)
#3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15	Set IRQ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 to PCI2/6.

☞ PCB IRQ Assignment

≇Auto	Auto assign IRQ to PCI3. (Default value)
\$3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15	Set IRQ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 to PCI3.

PC Health Status

CMOS Setup Utility-Copy right (C) 1984-2002 Aw ard Software

PC Health Status		
VCORE	1.730V	Item Help
VCC18	1.776V	Menu Level ↓
+3.3V	3.360V	
+5V	5.053V	
+12V	11.840V	
Current CPU Temperature	38°C	
Current CPU FAN Speed	6490 RPM	
אין דררר Move Enter:Select	+/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save	ESC:Exit F1:General Help
F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-Safe Defaults F7:Optimized Defaults		

Figure8: PC Health Status

$\ensuremath{^{\ensuremath{\mathcal{C}}}}$ Current Voltage (V) VCORE/ VCC18 / +3.3V / +5V / +12V

Detect system's voltage status automatically.

Current CPU Temperature

Detect CPU Temp. automatically.

- ☞ Current CPU FAN Speed (RPM)
 - Detect CPU Fan speed status automatically.

Frequency/Voltage Control

CMOS Setup Utility-Copy right (C) 1984-2002 Aw ard Software

Frequency/Voltage Control				
CPU Clock Ratio	15X	Item Help		
Linear Frequency Control	Disabled	Menu Level ٦		
x CPU Clock	100			
x DRAM Clock (MHz)	N/A			
x AGP Clock (MHz)	N/A			
x PCI Clock (MHz)	N/A			
AGP Voltage Control	Normal			
DRAM Voltage Control	Normal			
CPU OverVoltage Control	Normal			
Normal CPU Vcore	1.750V			
コココココ: Move Enter:Select -	+/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save	ESC:Exit F1:General Help		
F5:Previous Values	F6:Fail-Safe Defaults F7:O	ptimized Defaults		

Figure 9: Frequency/Voltage Control

CPU Clock Ratio

#8X~23X It's depends on CPU Clock Ratio.

Carl Inear Frequency Control

Disabled	Disable this function. (Default value)
Enabled	Enable this function.

G CPU Clock

100~200 Select CPU Clock to 100MHz~200MHz.
Incorrect using it may cause your system broken. For power End-User use only!

☞ DRAM Clock (MHz)

Please set DRAM Clock according to your requirement.

Incorrect using it may cause your system broken. For power End-User use only!

☞ AGP Clock (MHz)

Please set AGP Clock according to your requirement.
Incorrect using it may cause your system broken. For power End-User use only!

☞ PCI Clock (MHz)

Please set PCI Clock according to your requirement.
Incorrect using it may cause your system broken. For power End-User use only!

General AGP Voltage Control

	Set AGP Voltage Control to Normal. (Default value)
≇ +0.1V	Set AGP Voltage Control to +0.1V.
≇ +0.2V	Set AGP Voltage Control to +0.2V.

#+0.3V Set AGP Voltage Control to +0.3V.

Control

Normal	Set DRAM	Voltage	Control t	o Normal.	(Default	value)

- #+0.1V Set DRAM Voltage Control to +0.1V.
- #+0.2V Set DRAM Voltage Control to +0.2V.
- #+0.3V Set DRAM Voltage Control to +0.3V.

CPU OverVoltage Control

 Supports adjustable CPU Vcore from 1.100V to 1.850V by 0.025V step. (Default v alue: Normal)

Sormal CPUVcore

Display your CPU Vcore Voltage.



Load Fail-Safe Defaults



Figure 10: Load Fail-Safe Defaults

Load Fail-Safe Defaults

Fail-Safe defaults contain the most appropriate values of the system parameters that allow minimum system performance.

Load Optimized Defaults

CMOS Setup Utility -Copy right (C) 1984-2002 Aw ard Software **IStandard CMOS Features** JFrequency/Voltage Control JAdvanced BIOS Features Load Fail-Safe Defaults JAdvanced Chipset Features Load Optimized Defaults Integrated Peripherals Set Supervisor Password Power Management Setup Set User Password JPnP/PCI Co Load Optimized Defaults? (Y/N)?Y **JPC** Health S ESC:Quit コココ:Select Item F8: Dual BIOS/Q-Flash F10:Save & Exit Setup Load Optimized Defaults

Figure 11: Load Optimized Defaults

Load Optimized Defaults

Selecting this field loads the factory defaults for BIOS and Chipset Features which the system automatically detects.

Set Supervisor/User Password

CMOS Setup Utility-Copy right (C) 1984-2002 Aw ard Software

JStandard CMOS Features	JFrequency/Voltage Control	
JAdvanced BIOS Features	Load Fail-Safe Defaults	
JAdv anced Chipset Features	Load Optimized Defaults	
Integrated Peripherals	Set Supervisor Password	
Power Management Setup	Set User Password	
JPnP/PCI C		
JPC Health Sauce		
ESC:Quit III:Select Item		
F8: Dual BIOS/Q-Flash F10:Save & Exit Setup		
Change/Set/Disable Password		

Figure 12: Password Setting

When you select this function, the following message will appear at the center of the screen to assist you in creating a password.

Type the password, up to eight characters, and press <Enter>. You will be asked to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>. You may also press <Esc> to abort the selection and not enter a password.

To disable password, just press <Enter> when you are prompted to enter password. A message "PASSWORD DISABLED" will appear to confirm the password being disabled. Once the password is disabled, the system will boot and you can enter Setup freely.

The BIOS Setup program allows you to specify two separate passwords:

SUPERVISOR PASSWORD and a USER PASSWORD. When disabled, any one may access all BIOS Setup program function. When enabled, the Supervisor password is required for entering the BIOS Setup program and having full configuration fields, the User password is required to access only basic items.

If you select "System" at "Password Check" in Advance BIOS Features Menu, you will be prompted for the password every time the system is rebooted or any time you try to enter Setup Menu.

If youselect "Setup" at "Password Check" in Advance BIOS Features Menu, you will be prompted only when you try to enter Setup.

Save & Exit Setup

CMOS Setup Utility-Copy right (C) 1984-2002 Aw ard Software

JStandard CMOS Features	JFrequency/Voltage Control
JAdvanced BIOS Features	Load Fail-Safe Defaults
JAdvanced Chipset Features	Load Optimized Defaults
Jintegrated Peripherals	Set Supervisor Password
Power Management Setup	Sot User Password
IPnP/PCIC Save to CMOS ar	nd EXIT (Y/N)? Y
JPC Health Status	Exit without Saving
ESC:Quit	コココ:Select Item
F8: Dual BIOS/Q-Flash	F10:Save & Exit Setup
	Save Datat to CMOS

Figure 13: Save & Exit Setup

Type "Y" will quit the Setup U tility and save the user setup value to RTC CMOS.

Type "N" will return to Setup Utility.

Exit Without Saving

CMOS Setup Utility -Copy right (C) 1984-2002 Aw ard Software **IStandard CMOS Features** JFrequency/Voltage Control JAdvanced BIOS Features Load Fail-Safe Defaults JAdvanced Chipset Features Load Optimized Defaults Integrated Peripherals Set Supervisor Password Sat I lear Daceword Power Management Setup JPnP/PCI (Quit Without Saving (Y/N)? N Exit without Saving JPC Health Status ESC:Quit コココ:Select Item F8: Dual BIOS/Q-Flash F10:Save & Exit Setup Abandon all Data

Figure 14: Exit Without Saving

Type "Y" will quit the Setup Utility without saving to RTC CMOS. Type "N" will return to Setup Utility.

Chapter 4 Technical Reference

Block Diagram





Technical Reference

Dual BIOS/Q-Flash Introduction

A. What is Dual BIOS Technology?

Dual BIOS means that there are two system BIOS (ROM) on the motherboard, one is the Main BIOS and the other is Backup BIOS. Under the normal circumstances, the system works on the Main BIOS. If the Main BIOS is corrupted or damaged, the Backup BIOS can take over while the system is powered on. This means that your PC will still be able to run stably as if nothing has happened in your BIOS.

B. How to use Dual BIOS and Q-Flash Utility?

a. After power on the computer, pressing immediately during POST (Power On Self Test) it will allow you to enter Award BIOS CMOS SETUP, then press <F8> to enter Flash utility.

JStandard CMOS Features	JFrequency/Voltage Control	
JAdvanced BIOS Features	Load Fail-Safe Defaults	
JAdv anced Chipset Features	Load Optimized Defaults	
JInteg		
Pow Enter Dual BIOS/Q-Flash Utility (Y/N)? Y		
JPnP/T		
JPC Health Status Exit Without Saving		
ESC:Quit Iselect Item		
F8: Dual BIOS/Q-Flash F10:Save & Exit Setup		
Time, Date, Hard Disk Type		

CMOS Setup Utility-Copy right (C) 1984-2002 Aw ard Software

b. Award Dual BIOS Flash ROM Programming Utility

Dual BIOS Utility V.SIS.P1		
(C) 2001, Gigabyte Technology Co., LTD.		
Wide Range Protection	:Disabled	
Halt On BIOS Defects	:Disabled	
Auto Recovery	:Enabled	
Boot From	:Main BIOS	
BIOS Recovery	:Main to Backup	
F3: Load Default	F5:Start BIOS Recovery	
F7: Save And Restart	F9:Exit Without Saving	
F8: Update BIOS from disk	F10:Recovery from Disk	
Use <space> key to toggle setup</space>		

c. Dual BIOS Item explanation:

Wide Range Protection: Disabled(Default), Enabled Status 1:

If any failure (ex. Update ESCD failure, checksum error or reset...) occurs in the Main BIOS, just before the Operating System is loaded and after the power is on, and that the Wide Range Protection is set to "Enable", the PC will boot from Backup BIOS automatically.

Status 2:

If the ROM BIOS on peripherals cards(ex. SCSI Cards, LAN Cards,..) emits signals to request restart of the system after the user make any alteration on it, the boot up BIOS will not be changed to the Backup BIOS.

Technical Reference

Halt On BIOS Defects : Disabled(Default), Enabled

If the BIOS occurs a checksum error or the Main BIOS occurs a WIDE RANGE PROTECTION error and Halt On BIOS Defects set to Enable, the PC will show messages on the boot screen, and the system will pause and wait for the user's instruction.

If Auto Recovery : Disabled, it will show <or the other key to continue.>

If Auto Recovery : Enabled, it will show <or the other key to Auto Recover.>

Auto Recovery : Enabled(Default), Disabled

When one of the Main BIOS or Backup BIOS occurs checksum failure, the working BIOS will automatically recover the BIOS of checksum failure.

(In the Power Management Setup of the BIOS Setting, if ACPI Suspend Type is set to Suspend to RAM, the Auto Recovery will be set to Enable automatically.)

(If you want to enter the BIOS setting, please press "Del" key when the boot screen appears.)

Boot From : Main BIOS (Default), Backup BIOS

Status 1:

The user can set to boot from main BIOS or Backup BIOS.

Status 2:

If one of the main BIOS or the Backup BIOS fails, this item "Boot From : Main BIOS(Default)" will become gray and will not be changed by user.

BIOS Recovery : Main to Backup

Auto recovery message:

BIOS Recovery: Main to Backup

The means that the Main BIOS works normally and could automatically recover the Backup BIOS.

BIOS Recovery: Backup to Main

The means that the Backup BIOS works normally and could automatically recover the Main BIOS. (This auto recovery utility is set by system automatically and can't be changed by user.)

C. What is Q-Flash Utility?

Q-Flash utility is a pre-O.S. BIOS flash utility enables users to update its BIOS within BIOS mode, no more fooling around any OS.

D. How to use Q-Flash?

F3: Load Default	F5: Start BIOS Recovery
Load current BIOS default value.	Press F5 to recovery new BIOS version.
F7: Save And Restart	F9: Exit Without Saving
Save revised setting and restart the computer.	Exit without changing.
F8: Update BIOS from disk	F10: Recovery from Disk
Update BIOS from disk.	Recovery from disk.

Technical Reference



DualBIOS[™] Technology FAQ

GIGABYTE Technology is pleased to introduce DualBIOS technology, a hot spare for your system BIOS. This new est "Value-added" feature, in a long series of innovations from GIGABYTE, is available on this motherboard. Future GIGABYTE motherboards will also incorporate this innovation.

What's DualBIOS™?

On GIGABYTE motherboards with DualBIOS there are physically two BIOS chips. For simplicity we'll call one your "Main BIOS" and the other we'll call your "Backup" BIOS (your "hot spare"). If your Main BIOS fails, the Backup BIOS almost automatically takes over on your next system boot. Almost automatically and with virtually zero down time! Whether the problem is a failure in flashing your BIOS or a virus or a catastrophic failure of the Main BIOS chip, the result is the same - the Backup BIOS backs you up, almost automatically.



I. Q: What is DualBIOS[™] technology? Answer:

DualBIOS technology is a patented technology from Giga-Byte Technology. The concept of this technology is based on the redundancy and fault tolerance theory. DualBIOS™ technology simply means there are two system BIOSes (ROM) integrated onto the motherboard. One is a main BIOS, and the other is a backup BIOS. The mainboard will operate normally with the main BIOS, however, if the main BIOS is corrupt or damaged for various reasons, the backup BIOS will be automatically used when the system powered-On. Your PC will operate as before the main BIOS was damaged, and is completely transparent to the user.

II. Q: Why does anyone need a motherboard with DualBIOS[™] technology? Answer:

In today's systems there are more and more BIOS failures. The most common reasons are virus attacks, BIOS upgrade failures, and/or deterioration of the BIOS (ROM) chip itself.

- 1. New computer viruses are being found that attack and destroy the system BIOS. They may corrupt your BIOS code, causing your PC to be unstable or even not boot normally.
- BIOS data will be corrupted if a power loss/surge occurs, or if a user resets the system, or if the power button is pressed during the process of performing a system BIOS upgrade.
- If a user mistakenly updates their mainboard with the incorrect BIOS file, then the system may not be able to boot correctly. This may cause the PC system hang in operation or during boot.
- 4. A flash ROM's life cycle is limited according to electronic characteristics. The modern PC utilizes the Plug and Play BIOS, and is updated regularly. If a user changes peripherals often, there is a slight chance of damage to the flash ROM. With Giga-Byte Technology's patented DualBIOS™ technology you can reduce the possibility of hangs during system boot up, and/or loss BIOS data due to above reasons. This new technology will eliminate valuable system down time and costly repair bills cause by BIOS failures.

Technical Reference

III. Q: How does DualBIOS™ technology work?

Answer:

- DualBIOS[™] technology provides a wide range of protection during the boot up procedure. It protects your BIOS during system POST, ESCD update, and even all the way to PNP detection/assignment.
- DualBIOS[™] provides automatic recovery for the BIOS. When the first BIOS used during boot up does not complete or if a BIOS checksum error occurs, boot-up is still possible. In the DualBIOS[™] utility, the "Auto Recovery" option will guarantee that if either the main BIOS or backup BIOS is corrupted, the DualBIOS[™] technology will use the good BIOS and correct the wrong BIOS automatically.
- DualBIOS[™] provides manual recovery for the BIOS. DualBIOS[™] technology contains a built-in flash utility, which can flash your system BIOS from backup to main and/or visa versa. There is no need for an OS-dependent flash utility program.
- 4. DualBIOS[™] contains a one-way flash utility. The built-in one-way flash utility will ensure that the corrupt BIOS is not mistaken as the good BIOS during recovery and that the correct BIOS (main vs. backup) will be flashed. This will prevent the good BIOS from being flashed.

IV. Q: Who Needs DualBIOS™ technology?

Answer:

 Every user should have DualBIOS[™] technology due to the advancement of computer viruses.

Everyday, there are new BIOS-type viruses discovered that will destroy your system BIOS. Most commercial products on the market do not have solutions to guard against this type of virus intrusion. The DualBIOS[™] technology will provide a state-of-the-art solution to protect your PC:

- Case I.) Vicious computer viruses may wipe out your entire system BIOS. With a conventional single system BIOS PC, the PC will not be functional until it is sent for repairs.
- Case II.) If the "Auto Recovery" option is enabled in the DualBIOS[™] utility, and if a virus corrupts your system BIOS, the backup BIOS will automatically reboot the system and correct the main BIOS.
- Case III.) A user may override booting from the main system BIOS. The DualBIOS[™] utility may be entered to manually change the boot sequence to boot from the backup BIOS.

- During or after a BIOS upgrade, if DualBIOS[™] detects that the main BIOS is corrupt, the backup BIOS will take over the boot-up process automatically. Moreover, it will verify the main and backup BIOS checksums when booting-up. DualBIOS[™] technology examines the checksum of the main and backup BIOS while the system is powered on to guarantee your BIOS operates properly.
- 3. Power Users will have the advantage of having two BIOS versions on their mainboard. The benefit is being able to select either version BIOS to suit the performance system needs.
- 4. Flexibility for high-end desktop PCs and workstation/servers. In the DualBIOS[™] utility, the option can be set, "Halt On When BIOS Defects," to be enabled to halt your system with awarning message that the main BIOS has been corrupted. Most workstation/servers require constant operation to guarantee services have not been interrupted. In this situation, the "Halt On When BIOS Defects" message may be disabled to avoid system pauses during normal booting. Another advantage you gain from Giga-Byte's DualBIOS[™] technology is the ability to upgrade from dual 2 Mbit BIOS to dual 4 Mbit BIOS in the future if ex tra BIOS storage is need.

Technical Reference

SPDIF Introduction

SPDIF Introduction

A. What is SPDIF?

The SPDIF output is capable of providing digital signal to AC3 decoder which can support upto 5.1 speakers.

B. How to use SPDIF?





Recommend you to select "Autosense", It will automatically detect the type (mono or stereo) of the audio connector that you plug into Line Out audio jack, then configure Line Out to either SPDIF or Speaker accordingly.

Technical Reference

@ BIOS™ Introduction Gigabyte announces @ BIOS Windows BIOS live update utility



Have you ever updated BIOS by yourself? Or like many other people, you just know what BIOS is, but always hesitate to update it? Because you think updating newest BIOS is unnecessary and actually you don't know how to update it.

Maybe not like others, you are very experienced in BIOS updating and spend quite a lot of time to do it. But of course you don't like to do it too much. First, download different BIOS from website and then switch the operating system to DOS mode. Secondly, use different flash utility to update BIOS. The above process is not a interesting job. Besides, always be carefully to store the BIOS source code correctly in your disks as if you update the wrong BIOS, it will be a nightmare.

Certainly, you wonder why motherboard vendors could not just do something right to save your time and effort and save you from the lousy BIOS updating work? Here it comes! Now Gigabyte announces @BIOS—the first Windows BIOS live update utility. This is a smart BIOS update software. It could help you to download the BIOS from internetand update it. Not like the other BIOS update software, it's a Windows utility. With the help of "@BIOS', BIOS updating is no more than a click.

Besides, no matter which mainboard you are using, if it's a Gigabyte's product*, @BIOS help you to maintain the BIOS. This utility could detect your correct mainboard model and help you to choose the BIOS accordingly. It then downloads the BIOS from the nearest Gigabyte ftp site automatically. There are several different choices; you could use "Internet Update" to download and update your BIOS directly. Or you may want to keep a backup for your current BIOS, just choose "Save Current BIOS" to save it first. You make a wise choice to use Gigabyte, and @BIOS update your BIOS smartly. You are now worry free from updating wrong BIOS, and capable to maintain and manage your BIOS easily. Again, Gigabyte's innovative product erects a milestone in mainboard industries.

For such a wonderful software, how much it costs? Impossible! It's free! Now, if you buy a Gigabyte's motherboard, you could find this amazing software in the attached driver CD. But please remember, connected to internet at first, then you could have a internet BIOS update from your Gigabyte @BIOS.

Easy Tunelll™ Introduction Gigabyte announces *EasyTune*lll Windows overdrive utility



"Overdrive" might be one of the most common issues in computer field. But have many users ever tried it? The answer is probably "no". Because "overdrive" is thought to be very difficult and includes a lotof technical know-how, sometimes "overonly in some entrupiests.

drive" is even considered as special skills found only in some enthusiasts.

But as to the experts in "overdrive", whats the truth? They may spend quite a lot of time and money to study, try and use many different hardware and software bols to do "overdrive". And even with these technologies, they still learn that it's quite a risk because the safety and stability of an "overdrive" system is unknown.

Now everything is different because of a Windows overdrive utility Easy Tunel II—announced by Gigabyte. This utility has btally changed the gaming rule of "overdrive". This is the first overdrive utility suitable for both normal and power users. Users can choose either "Easy Mode" or "Advanced Mode" to run "overdrive" at their convenience. For users who choose "Easy Mode", they just need to click "Auto Optimize" to have auto and immediate CPU overclocking. This software will then overdrive CPU speed automatically with the result being shown in the control panel. Ifsomeone prefers to "overdrive" by oneself, there is also another choice. Click "Advanced Mode" to enjoy "sport drive" class overclocking. In "Advanced Mode", one can change the system bus speed in small increments to get ultimate system performance. And no matter which mainboard is used, if it's a Gigaby te's product*, Easy TunelII helps to perform the best of system.

Besides, different from other traditional over-clocking methods, Easy TuneIII doesn'trequire users to change neither BIOS nor hardware switch/jumper setting; on the other hand, they can do "overdrive" at only one click. Therefore, this is a safer way for "overdrive" as nothing is changed on software or hardware. If user runs Easy TuneIII over system's limitation, the biggest lost is only to restart the computer again and the side effect is then well controlled. Moreover, if one well-performed system speed been tested in Easy TuneIII, user can "Save" this bus speed and "Load" it in next time. Obviously, Gigabyte Easy TuneIII has already turned the "overdrive" technology toward to a newer generation.

This wonderful software is now free bundled in Gigabyte motherboard attached driver CD. Users may make a test drive of "EasyTuneIII" to find out more amazing features by themselves.

Appendix

Chapter 5 Appendix

Picture below are shown in Windows ME (TUCD driver version 1.93) Appendix A: SiS645/733/735 Chipset Driver Installation

Insert the driver CD-title that came with your motherboard into your CD-ROM driver, the driver CD-title will auto start and show the installation guide. If not, please double click the CD-ROM device icon in "My computer", and execute the setup.exe.





Appendix B: Creative Sound Driver Installation

Insert the driver CD-title that came with your motherboard into your CD-ROM driver, the driver CD-title will auto start and show the installation guide. If not, please double click the CD-ROM device icon in "My computer", and execute the setup.exe.







Appendix

Appendix C: EasyTuneIII Utilities Installation

Insert the driver CD-title that came with your motherboard into your CD-ROM driver, the driver CD-title will auto start and show the installation guide. If not, please double click the CD-ROM device icon in "My computer", and execute the setup.exe.













Appendix

Appendix D: BIOS Flash Procedure

BIOS update procedure:

If your OS is Win9X, we recommend that you used Gigabyte @BIOS™ Program to flash BIOS.





Methods and steps:

- I. Update BIOS through Internet
- a. Click "Internet Update" icon
- b. Click "Update New BIOS" icon
- c. Select @BIOS[™] sever ("Gigabyte @BIOS[™] sever 1 in Taiwan" and "Gigabyte @BIOS[™] sever 2 in Taiwan" are available for now, the others will be completed soon)
- d. Select the exact model name on your motherboard
- e. System will automatically download and update the BIOS.



- II. Update BIOS NOT through Internet:
- a. Do not click "Internet Update" icon
- b. Click "Update New BIOS"
- c. Please select "All Files" in dialog box while opening the old file.
- d. Please search for BIOS unzip file, downloading from internet or any other methods (such as: 8SDX.F1).
- e. Complete update process following the instruction.
- III. Save BIOS

In the very beginning, there is "Save Current BIOS" icon shown in dialog box. It means to save the current BIOS version.

IV. Check out supported motherboard and Flash ROM:

In the very beginning, there is "About this program" icon shown in dialog box. It can help you check out which kind of motherboard and which brand of Flash ROM are supported.

Note:

- a. In method I, if it shows two or more motherboard's model names to be selected, please make sure your motherboard's model name again. Selecting wrong model name will cause the system unbooted.
- b. In method II, be sure that motherboard's model name in BIOS unzip file are the same as your motherboard's. Otherwise, your system won't boot.
- c. In method I, if the BIOS file you need cannot be found in @BIOS[™] server, please go onto Gigabyte's web site for downloading and updating it according to method II.
- d. Please note that any interruption during updating will cause system unbooted
We use GA-7VTX motherboard and Flash841 BIOS flash utility as example.

Please flash the BIOS according to the following procedures if you are now under the DOS mode. Flash BIOS Procedure:

STEP 1:

- Please make sure you have set "Auto" for BIOS Feature Setup (BIOS Flash Protection). For more detail please refer to page 28.
- (2) Please make sure your system has installed the extraction utility such as winzip or pkunzip. Firstly you have to install the extraction utility such as winzip or pkunzip for unzip the files. Both of these utilities are available on many shareware download pages like <u>http://www.shareware.cnet.</u> <u>com</u>

STEP 2: Make a DOS boot diskette. (See example: Windows 98 O.S.) Beware: Windows ME/2000 are not allowed to make a DOS boot diskette.

(1) With an available floppy disk in the floppy drive. Please leave the diskette "UN-write protected" type. Double click the "My Computer" icon from Desktop, then click "3.5 diskette (A)" and right click to select "Format (M)"



(2) Select the "Quick (erase)" for Format Type, and pick both "Display summary when finished" and "Copy system files", after that press "Start". That will format the floppy and transfer the needed system files to it.

Beware: This procedure will erase all the prior data on that floppy, so please proceed accordingly.

sach:	-	-
.44 M0 (3.51)		Start
For net type		Unse
E Quick (mese)		
C Dil		
 Copy system files get; 	12	
Of iter options	1	
Letvel:		
1		
E Nu label		
E. Display survivory when to shed		
🖾 Copy og som iller		

(3) After the floppy has been formatted completely, please press "Close".



STEP 3: Download BIOS and BIOS utility program.

(1) Please go to Gigabyte website http://www.gigabyte.com.tw/index.html, and click "Support".



(2) From Support zone, click the "Motherboards BIOS & Drivers".





(3) We use GA-7VTX motherboard as example. Please select GA-7VTX by Model or Chipset optional menu to obtain BIOS flash files.



(4) Select an appropriate BIOS version (For example: F4), and click to download the file. It will pop up a file download screen, then select the "Open this file from its current location" and press "OK".





(5) At this time the screen shows the following picture, please click "Extract" button to unzip the files.



(6) Please extract the download files into the clean bootable floppy disk A mentioned in STEP 2, and press "Extract".

Eshad		2 X
Egente	Buildword Mars	EX US
No. 1		02(0)
n garendio Righto Righto	 and the States 	e p
E (neviewichyde) E Hyperickier	a Chyffirian er b C Ddine Bewyces	
C TO DIO S. MALER		Los Faltes

STEP 4: Make sure the system will boot from the floppy disk.

(1) Insert the floppy disk (contains bootable program and unzip file) into the floppy drive A. Then, restart the system. The system will boot from the floppy disk. Please press key to enter BIOS setup main menu when system is boot up.



(2) Once you enter the BIOS setup utility, the main menu will appear on the screen. Use the arrows to highlight the item "BIOS FEATURES SETUP".

AMIBIOS SIMPLE SETUR	PUTILITY - VERSION 1.24b	
(C) 1999 American Megatren	ds, Inc. All Rights Reserved	
STANDARD CMOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS	
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	HARDWARE MONITOR & MISC SETUP	
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD	
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP	USER PASSWORD	
PNP / PCI CONFIGURATION	IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION	
LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS	SAVE & EXIT SETUP	
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING	
ESC: Quit 기기기기: Select Item (Shi	ft)F2 : Change Color F5: Old Values	
F6: Load BIOS Defaults F7: Load Setup Defaults	efaults F10:Save & Exit	
Time, Date ,	Hard Disk Type	



(3) Press "Enter" to enter "BIOS FEATURES SETUP" menu. Use the arrows to highlight the item "1st Boot Device", and then use the "Page Up" or "Page Down" keys to select "Floppy".

AMIE	IIOS SETUP - BIOS	S FEATURES SETUP
(C) 2001 /	American Megatreno	ds, Inc. All Rights Reserved
1st Boot Device	: Floppy	
2nd Boot Device	: IDE-0	
3rd Boot Device	: CDROM	
S.M.A.R.T. for Hard Disks	: Disabled	
BootUp Num-Lock	: On	ESC: Quit III: Select Item
Floppy Drive Seek	: Disabled	F1 : Help PU/PD/+/- : Modify
Password Check	: Setup	F5 : Old Values (Shift)F2: Color
		F6 : Load BIOS Defaults
		F7 : Load Setup Defaults

(4) Press "ESC" to go back to previous screen. Use the arrows to highlight the item "SAVE & EXIT SETUP" then press "Enter". System will ask "SAVE to CMOS and EXIT (Y/N)?" Press "Y" and "Enter" keys to confirm. Now the system will reboot automatically, the new BIOS setting will be taken effect next boot-up.

AMIBIOS SIMPLE SETUP UTILITY - VERSION 1.24b		
(C) 2001 American Mega	trends, Inc. All Rights Reserved	
STANDARD CMOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS	
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	HARDWARE MONITOR & MISC SETUP	
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP SUPERVISOR PASSWORD		
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUD		
PNP / PCI CONF Save to CMOS an	d EXIT (Y/N)? Y	
LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS	SAVE & EXIT SETUP	
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS EXIT WITHOUT SAVING		
ESC: Quit IIII: Select Item (Shi	ft)F2 : Change Color F5: Old Values	
F6: Load BIOS Defaults F7: Load Setup De	efaults F10:Save & Exit	
Save Data to CM	OS & Exit SETUP	

STEP 5: BIOS flashing.

(1) After the system boot from floppy disk, type "A:\> dir/w" and press "Enter" to check the entire files in floppy A. Then type the "BIOS flash utility" and "BIOS file" after A:\>. In this case you have to type "A:\> Flash841 7VTX.F4" and then press "Enter".

Starting Windows 98
Microsoft(R) Windows98
© Copy right Microsoft Corp 1981-1999
A:\> dir/w
Volume in drive A has no label
Volume Serial Number is 16EB-353D
Directory of A:\
COMMAND.COM 7VTX.F4 FLASH841.EXE
3 file(s) 838,954 bytes
0 dir(s) 324,608 by tes free
A:\> Flash841 7VTX.F4

(2) Now screen appears the following Flash Utility main menu. Press "Enter", the highlighted item will locate on the model name of the right-upper screen. Right after that, press "Enter" to start BIOS Flash Utility.



- Appendix
- (3) It will pop up a screen and asks "Are you sure to flash the BIOS?" Press [Enter] to continue the procedure, or press [ESC] to quit.

Beware: Please do not turn off the system while you are upgrading BIOS. It will render your BIOS corrupted and system totally inoperative.



(4) The BIOS flash completed. Please press [ESC] to exit Flash Utility.

mania	tr. 1012000, saw	Plant BRITING Stan Physics and all Rights Research, See Del
File First Lind Chipser F Richale Lill		EXIT? continue Or [Esc] to cancel?
Chap (M Code (1 Sweet) & Ture (3 Sectors)	105 51 99F(20	Her (ye/Hercenger 12: e-ser 3 Regen Her Bellik, konzer die Insel als weiwe

STEP 6: Load BIOS defaults.

Normally the system redetects all devices after BIOS has been upgraded. Therefore, we highly recommend reloading the BIOS defaults after BIOS has been upgraded. This important step resets every thing after the flash.

 Take out the floppy diskette from floppy drive, and then restart the system. The boot up screen will indicate your motherboard model and current BIOS version.



(2) Don't forget to press key to enter BIOS setup again when system is boot up. Use the arrows to highlight the item "LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS" then press "Enter". System will ask "Load Setup Defaults (Y/N)?" Press "Y" and "Enter" keys to confirm.

AMIBIOS SIMPLE SETU	P UTILITY - VERSION 1.24b	
(C) 2001 American Megatrer	nds, Inc. All Rights Reserved	
STANDARD CMOS SETUP INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS		
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	HARDWARE MONITOR & MISC SETUP	
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD	
POWER MANAGE		
PNP / PCI CONFI Load Setup Defau	ilts? (Y/N)?N	
LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS SAVE & EXIT SETUP		
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS EXIT WITHOUT SAVING		
ESC: Quit 기기기기: Select Item (Shi	ift)F2 : Change Color F5: Old Values	
F6: Load BIOS Defaults F7: Load Setup D	efaults F10:Save & Exit	
Load Setup D	Defaults	

(3) Use the arrows to highlight the item "SAVE & EXIT SETUP" and press "Enter". System will ask "SAVE to CMOS and EXIT (Y/N)?" Press "Y" and "Enter" keys to confirm. Now the system will reboot automatically, the new BIOS setting will be taken effect next boot-up.

AMIBIOS SIMPLE SETUP UTILITY - VERSION 1.24b			
(C) 2001 American Mega	trends, Inc. All Rights Reserved		
STANDARD CMOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS		
BIOS FEATURES SETUP HARDWARE MONITOR & MISC SET			
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP SUPERVISOR PASSWORD			
POWER MANAGEMENT CETUR			
PNP / PCI CONF Save to CMOS an	d EXIT (Y/N)? Y		
LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS	SAVE & EXIL SETUP		
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS EXIT WITHOUT SAVING			
ESC: Quit 기기기기: Select Item (Shi	ft)F2 : Change Color F5: Old Values		
F6: Load BIOS Defaults F7: Load Setup D	efaults F10:Save & Exit		
Save Data to CM	OS & Exit SETUP		

(4) Congratulate you have accomplished the BIOS flash procedure.

Appendix E: Acronyms

Acronyms	Meaning
ACPI	Advanced Configuration and Power Interface
APM	Advanced Power Management
AGP	Accelerated Graphics Port
AMR	Audio Modem Riser
ACR	Advanced Communications Riser
BIOS	Basic Input / Output System
CPU	Central Processing Unit
CMOS	Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor
CRIMM	Continuity RIMM
CNR	Communication and Networking Riser
DMA	Direct Memory Access
DMI	Desktop Management Interface
DIMM	Dual Inline Memory Module
DRM	Dual Retention Mechanism
DRAM	Dynamic Random Access Memory
DDR	Double Data Rate
ECP	Extended Capabilities Port
ESCD	Extended System Configuration Data
ECC	Error Checking and Correcting
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility
EPP	Enhanced Parallel Port
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge
FDD	Floppy Disk Device
FSB	Front Side Bus
HDD	Hard Disk Device
IDE	Integrated Dual Channel Enhanced
IRQ	Interrupt Request
I/O	Input / Output
IOAPIC	Input Output Advanced Programmable Input Controller
ISA	Industry Standard Architecture
LAN	Local Area Network

to be continued.....

Acronyms	Meaning
LBA	Logical Block Addressing
LED	Light Emitting Diode
MHz	Megahertz
MIDI	Musical Instrument Digital Interface
MTH	Memory Translator Hub
MPT	Memory Protocol Translator
NIC	Network Interface Card
OS	Operating System
OEM	Original Equipment Manufacturer
PAC	PCI A.G.P. Controller
POST	Power-On Self Test
PCI	Peripheral Component Interconnect
RIMM	Rambus in-line Memory Module
SCI	Special Circumstance Instructions
SECC	Single Edge Contact Cartridge
SRAM	Static Random Access Memory
SMP	Symmetric Multi-Processing
SMI	System Management Interrupt
USB	Universal Serial Bus
VID	Voltage ID

Customer/Cou	ntry :	Company:		Phone No.:
Contact Persor		E-mail Add. :		
Model name/Lo	t Number:			PCB revision:
BIOS version:		0.S./A.S.:		
Hardware	Mfs.	Model name	Size:	
	1115.		Size.	Driver/Utility:
Configuration CPU				
Memory				
Brand				
Video Card				
Audio Card				
HDD				
CD-ROM /				
DVD-ROM				
Modem				
Network				
AMR/CNR				
Keyboard				
Mouse				
Power supply				
Other Device				